

Naamghar Association of America

NEWSLETTER

WWW.NAAMGHAR.ORG

Volume 4/Issues 2/ April-June 2021

MESSAGE FROM THE BOR-MEDHI

Dear community members and well-wishers of NAAM,

While the communities in North America are gradually opening up, we still have lockdown continuing in Assam due to the second wave of Covid in Assam and several states in India. We express our gratitude to all the people who are working in this environment, putting their own well-being at risk, to help others. Vaccination still continues, and some of them with only the first dose received are getting infected seriously before they are able to take the second dose. Let us all follow the prescribed guidelines not only for our own safety but also for the safety of all others around us. Thank you!

Now coming to this second quarter newsletter of 2021 from NAAM, it is my pleasure to highlight a few key points:

- A) We are very pleased to announce that we are planning a Fund Raising NAAM Event on August 28, 2021, Saturday. Please stay tuned as we give shape to the first fund raising virtual event in 2021. A community letter with a Flyer will go out prior to the event.
- B) NAAM initiated a formal dialog with the Board of Trustees of the Ved Mandir of East Brunswick, New Jersey for the space for a community Naamghar temporarily. A photo of the space requested is shown in the next column.

The *Guru Āsana* (or *Guru Axon*) that we have is approximately 4'x4'x3'. This *Guru Āsana* will be placed in the sanctum

sanctorum of our permanent *Naamghar* when we will have the resources to build it. Meanwhile, we are looking for a sacred place as described above to house it temporarily.



We want it in a place that is accessible to all, where there will be daily *Banti Prajalan*, a place where the Assamese diaspora from all over North America can visit and offer their prayers any time. (A copy of the letter sent to Ved Mandir is included in this newsletter).

- C) We have also sent a letter to the current Chief Minister of Assam and copied to the Cultural Minister of Assam, seeking funding towards our permanent Naamghar and Srimanta Sankardeva Culture Center in North America.
- D) I had mentioned in the Q-1 newsletter about our interaction with the HUA (Hindu University of America). Dr Babul Borah's paper submitted to HUA was shown in our Q-1. My paper is shown in this current issue of Q-2 (a photo is included in this version), titled "Importance of Hindu Studies in an Academic Environment: Case Study -Sankardeva". The president of HUA, Kalyan Viswanathan, sent me an email on May 18, 2021, which was shared earlier in our NAAM-WG team. It stated that "Your Essay contemporary evidence covering reincarnation, as well as the life of Shankardeva from the 15th century was very well written". Thus, we are at least beginning to educate our non-Assamese friends and associates about Sankardeva and drive our cause by encouraging them to join us.

I continue to take a class in the Spring quarter currently at HUA on Antaranga Yoga, taught by Raghu Ananthanarayanan, who helps the students to reflect on the spiritual aspects of our own lives from the stories of the epic Mahabharata. For example, Aryuna facing the enemy at the imminent war, had the questions like – "who am I, where am I, what is the right thing to do, what choice do I make when I confront a difficult situation?" Then Krishna gave him the answers. However, when we reflect it in our own lives, Aryuna went to the meditative state by talking to Krishna, where Krishna was his own meditator. Thus, Krishna is our own meditator, and it is the process of getting an answer inside of us, and not externally. That is the Sanatana Dharma. We become "moral human being".

I wanted end with a quote from Swami Vivekananda (source, Ritambhara.org.in of Raghu Ananthanarayanan),

"You have to grow from the inside out. None can teach you; none can make you spiritual. There is no other teacher but your own atma."

Sincerely,

Dr. Binoy K. Bordoloi, *Bor Medhi* Email: binoy.bordoloi@gmail.com

UPDATE ON FUNDRAISING ACTIVITIES

NAAM is planning to host a cultural event to raise community awareness about NAAM's activities and to raise funds for a Naamghar in North America; details are coming soon.

NAAM also soliciting your donations via its website (https://naamghar.org/), NAAM Facebook page (https://www.facebook.com/NaamgharAssociationOfAmerica/), and the "DONATE" button on this page to fund a community Naamghar in North America.

NAAM is looking forward to an active participation of the community (Assamese diaspora) for realizing

a common dream of building a Naamghar in North America. Please use the "DONATE" button below and/or contact Dr. Binoy Bordoloi at binoy.bordoloi@gmail.com for additional information.

Thank you!

Please contribute to NAAM's effort to build a naamghar in North America:



NAAM LETTER TO THE VED MANDIR



Naamghar Association of America, Inc. (NAAM)

Celebrating the spiritual traditions and philosophical teachings of Srimanta Sankardeva.

Chairman (Bor Medhi) Dr. Binoy K. Bordoloi

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Ms. Anu Perlmutter

Dr. Purandar Sarmah

Proposal requesting use of an area temporarily for the Naamghar Association of America (NAAM) at the Ved Mandir, Milltown, New Jersey

NAAM contact person:

Dr. Binoy K. Bordoloi, Bor Medhi

Chairman - NAAM

www.Naamghar.org

8 Slack Court

Bridgewater NJ 08807

Tel: 908-458-2456

Ved Mandir contact person:

Ms. Rita Chandhok

Contact Person - Ved Mandir

http://www.vedmandir.org/

1 Ved Mandir Drive Milltown, NJ 08850

Tel: 732-371-0044

What is NAAM and what are its goals?

Naamghar Association of America, Inc. (NAAM), was established in 2016, and was granted 501(c)(3) non-profit status in 2018. It is a spiritual and cultural organization. The mission of NAAM is to construct and manage a place for community prayers called *Naamghar* for the Assamese diaspora in the United States to celebrate the traditions and to spread the philosophical teachings of the great Vaishnavite Saint Srimanta Sankardeva. Vaishnavism in Assam is termed *ek-Shoronia Namdhormo*; *ek-Shoronia* means that the devotee takes refuge in only one God, Krishna. It is also known as *Mahapurushia Namadharma*.

What is NAAM looking for?

The sanctum sanctorum in the Naamghar is called the Manikut. The Guru Āsana (Seat of the Guru, it is also written as 'Guru Axon') is placed inside the Manikut. The Guru Āsana is a 7-tiered wooden structure. Within it is kept the most sacred texts of the followers of Sankardeva, the Bhagawat Gita and the Kirtan Ghosha (book of kirtans composed by Sankardeva in praise of Lord Krishna.) NAAM possesses a Guru Āsana that was duly consecrated by the head of the Sri Sri Auniati Satra, one of the oldest and largest monasteries in Majuli, Assam, that teaches and practices Sankardeva's philosophy.

The Guru Āsana we have is approximately 4'x4'x3'. This Guru Āsana will be placed in the sanctum sanctorum of our Naamghar when we will have the resources to build it. Meanwhile, we are looking for a sacred place to house it temporarily. We want it in a place that is accessible to all, a place where the Assamese diaspora from all over North America can visit and offer their prayers.

Why NAAM is requesting Ved Mandir for a temporary space for its Naamghar?

The philosophical and religious tenets of the Ved Mandir and NAAM are in harmony. We view Ved Mandir and NAAM being two offshoots of the same religion with fundamental understanding of Hiranyagarbha:

CONTD.

NAAM LETTER TO THE VED MANDIR (CONTD.)

Celebrating the spiritual traditions and philosophical teachings of Srimanta Sankardeva.

Hiranyagarbha Samabart-tagre Bhutasya Jatah Patireka Asit Sa Dadhar Prithivim Dyaamutemam Kasmay Debayah Habisa Bidhem

In the beginning rose Hiranyagarbha, born Only Lord of all created beings.

He fixed and holdeth up this earth and heaven. What God shall we adore with our oblation?

-Rigveda X/21/1

The physical space that we viewed is the appropriate size and most importantly the serene, spiritual environment of the temple made us feel this would be the right place. Ved Mandir has two priests in-residence; it is very fitting that the priests will do the honor of the daily *Banti Prajalan* (lighting of the Diya) at the *Guru Āsana*.

Donations and other benefits to Ved Mandir for providing NAAM a space for temporary usage?

On Ved Mandir's approval of NAAM's request, NAAM is prepared to make a negotiated annual donation to Ved Mandir for the duration we house our *Guru Āsana* there.

We organize two annual cultural events that involve renting a hall. Your hall with the performing stage, dining area and kitchen are perfect for the kind of events we organize. We will approach Ved Mandir first and explore other venues only if your venue is not available on the dates that we need the facility. We will pay the standard rental fees for the use of the facilities. We will promote the location of our *Guru Āsana* in our website and through other communication media. The uniqueness of the structure and curiosity about how Vaishnavism is practiced in Assam will be an added attraction at the temple. It will increase visitors to the Ved Mandir from all over North America.

We, the Board of Trustees of NAAM, hope that our proposal will get favorable consideration from the Ved Mandir Board of Trustees and create a unique opportunity of doing something collectively for the two organizations and the great Hindu religion of ours. We look forward to meeting the Ved Mandir Board of Trustees in person to make a presentation and answer any questions that you may have.

Thanking you, on behalf of the Board of Trustees of NAAM.

Sincerely,

Binoy Kr. Bordoloi Ph D.

Chairman, NAAM Ph: 1-908-458-2456

June 10, 2021

JON. Borda G.

https://naamghar.org Email: naaminfo@naamghar.org

Address: 8 Slack Ct., Bridgewater, NJ 08807

FEATURED ARTICLE

BHAONA - TRANSITION AND FUTURE

By Arup Saikia

Bhaona is a traditional form of religious drama in Assam, created in the sixteenth century by the Sri Sri Srimanta Sankardeva, and utilized as an audio-visual medium for spreading a social and religious reformative message among the masses. Originally, only the staging the Ankiya Nats (short drama) written by Sankardeva and Madhavdeva called Bhaona more precisely Ankiya or Bhaona. After the death of Sri Sri Sankardeva, his disciples, including Madhavdeva to Gopal Ata or Daityari Thakur did not intend to keep Bhaona in its strict original ethos. For the demand of time and realistic acceptance among common masses, the original art-form was refurbished with a new linguistic flavor and story or content. Some formalities of Bhaona have nominally been shown like *Nandi* (Benedictory or Mukti verses) Managala (the Sutradhar or narrator prays for forgiveness of God for any fault at the end of performances) as the role of Bhaona. Moreover, changes occurred in language and instead of Brajawali, the formal language used by Sri Sri Sankardeva, his disciples adopted the prevalent Assamese language of that period to popularize the common Assamese language and thereby eschew the elite Brajawali language.

In the years after 17th century, many satras (monasteries) had begun to

flourish and challenge the traditional and existing orthodox satras. Most noticeably, the satradhikars (head of a monastery) of these formed newly satras wrote many Bhaona scripts; these devotees of Sri Sri Sankardeva named only those plays written by Sri Sri Sankardeva or Madhavdeva as Ankiya Nat. Among the new generations, the cultural aspects of Bhaona have been emphasized and easy entertainment is more meticulously displayed. This is how it is surviving even today more and less among all classes and castes of Assam.

The Bhaona art-form has evolved into many forms, based on the overall theme or structure of Sankardeva, such as Phaujiya Bhaona (started in Cooch Bihar), Mukha Bhaona (performed wearing mask, mainly in Majuli), Matribhashar Bhaona (in Assamese mother popular tongue, in Upper Assam), Baresohoria and Hazari (simultaneous performance of many Bhaonas, under a single pandal in the middle of North and South bank of Assam), Dhura Bhaona which originated from Dhup Kirtan of Bengal and flourished in Barpeta and Kamalabari monastery – as such Dhuliya Bhaona, Sabah Bhaona, Juri, and Cukraganar Bhaona (the traditional Sutradhara character is not used).

Bhaona in action – pictures from live Bhaona performances in Assam



Many other little-known terms of this dance-drama form are available in the nooks and corners of Assam. Nowadays, easy cultural exchange across the globe, coupled with the fast development of digital media shows that taste and outlook of people are changing. It seems that Bhaona, except for the pivotal theme, cannot be performed as a medieval drama, overlooking modern trends only in the name of showcasing or preserving our heritage. The shield to safeguard the rich cultural heritage has to evolve with changing time. The fruit of these thoughts is a newly added popular dimension of this art-form, i.e., English Bhaona under the directorship of Arup Saikia, and Gitimallika and Arup Saikia as joint coordinators of such efforts. Besides modern Indian languages, it has been staged in English language in India, as well as, abroad since 2018.



The classical or traditional undertone of *Bhaona* has resonated in songs, dialogues, dance and footsteps in a foreign language. *Bhaona* is a product of a composite culture and

unseen threads that contribute to unite the people of Assam. It influences Assam and the Assamese very deeply on language, economy, and society. New titles related to this art form – gayan, bayan, pathak – and professions of makeup artist and costume maker are created. The mixture of eastern Indian languages-*Brajawali* has further decorated Assamese modern language with many new ways.



Bhaona also displays the broader culture of northeastern India. The headgear or pag is different from one place to another because of local influence. Ghuri or lehenga of the narrator may be taken from Ojapali, jackets may be from Tiwa or Mising (two tribal communities in

Assam), and the *Tangali* is found among Bhuyan clan in medieval Assam.

For survival and flourish in a form of popular cultural, *Bhaona* has to be presented as a competitor to the existing and most prevalent modern drama festivals, with the use of ongoing dramatic infrastructure like decorated proscenium or thrust stage, besides the traditional *Namghar* (Assamese prayer house) or traverse stage. Moreover, the mode of dialogue, expression. lighting, orchestra. language, and costume should have a glimpse of its unique beauty, surmounting fundamental barriers. It is the moral responsibility of the people of Assam to vigorously defend and strongly sustain the legacy of *Bhaona* in greater acceptability with ingenuous empathy in different form as time demands.



(Arup Saikia writes about the traditional dance-drama, Bhaona, and its resurgence in the modern Assamese imagination. The author is an alumnus of Delhi University. He is a noted cultural activist, actor, scriptwriter, and poet.

He has authored two poetry books, namely Silpi Satta and Sabda. As the director, actor, and translator, he has performed Bhaona in English language for the first time from Assam in India and abroad.

The author can be reached at: <u>arupsaikiao7@gmail.com</u>).

FEATURED ARTICLE

IMPORTANCE OF HINDU STUDIES IN AN ACADEMIC ENVIRONMENT: CASE STUDY – SANKARDEVA

By Dr. Binoy K. Bordoloi

Hinduism is more of a philosophy and a way life. It is also synonymous with Sanatana Dharma. Its very concept is that it defines life and its soul, and thus our existence in a "timeless" manner, which is about Anadi-Ananta, or with no beginning and no end. We personify God in the human form of Krishna or Ram, with the poets' imagination from the epics of Mahabharata and Ramayana, respectively. Ramayana was probably written down 400 -700 BC#1. It appears that Mahabharata War took place in 3067 BC#1. However, the epic was written down between 300 – 400 BC#1. Carbon dating on Dwaraka city however revealed that it is more than 32,000 years old#1. There are estimates that one comes across that Mahabharata is probably about 7000 years old and Ramayana about 14,000 years #8. So, there is a lot of confusion.

The global population at that time period of 300 - 700 BC was probably of the order of only 100 million or less. Population was reported to be 190 million at the time o BC or o CE#2. It began to grow at a much faster rate from about 1400 AC or AD#2. We are talking about spiritual life in Bharat at a time when the population density was very low, as compared to today's India in year 2020 with a population of 1.3 billion, though the political boundary of Bharat or India is now somewhat different. During this long period, the culture and the mind-set of the inhabitants in India have undergone profound changes, even influenced by the invasion by the Moghuls and the Europeans for colonization. While some concepts must have been passed on by word of mouth from generation to generation, the original materials were written in Sanskrit. *Brajawali* was another written form of language in later days. This is a vast amount of material and accumulated knowledge that one needs to comprehend to appreciate the Hindu way of thinking for the *Sanatana Dharma*.

This article attempts to explain why it is important to get into the Hindu studies in an academic environment for both its breadth and depth. Two examples were picked by the author here to select two widely different topics to convey the divergence of ideas that may be investigated and researched.

- 1) The first example is our soul and its reincarnation as understood from Sanatana Dharma, and its scientific and clinical evidence as described by a Psychiatrist at a major US healthcare institution.
- 2) The second example is a brief description of the management of the neo-vaishnavite monastery in Assam of North-East India, the core of which is the Naamghar (prayer house), started by Srimanta Sankardeva 500 years ago, and its comparison with the European counterpart.

Reincarnation of Soul and its Clinical Evidence - Dr Brian Weiss MD in "Many Lives, Many Masters" #3:

Psychiatrist Dr Brian Weiss had been working with Catherine, a young patient, for eighteen months. Catherine was suffering from recurring nightmares and chronic anxiety attacks. When his traditional methods of therapy failed, Dr Weiss turned to hypnosis and was astonished and skeptical when Catherine began recalling past-life traumas which seemed

to hold the key to her problems. Dr. Weiss's skepticism was eroded when Catherine began to channel messages from 'the space between lives', which contained remarkable revelations about his own life. Acting as a channel for information from highly evolved spirit entities called the Masters, Catherine revealed many secrets of life and death.

This fascinating case dramatically altered the lives of Catherine and Dr Weiss#3 and provides important information on the mysteries of the mind, the continuation of life after death and the influence of our past life experiences on our present behavior.

Srimanta Sankardeva: Vaishnava Saint of Assam and the contemporary history in India and Europe:

It would be important to introduce Srimanta Sankardeva here, the Vaishnava saint of Assam#4. An attempt is made here to highlights a few milestones in his life and to draw comparison with what was happening in India and Europe at that time#4, #5, #6. These are summarized in the form of Table-1 and Table-2 as shown below. Table-1 shows the milestones in his life#4. Table-2 summarizes the *neovaishnavite* monastery in Assam, the core of which is the *Naamghar* (prayer house), started by Srimanta Sankardeva 500 years ago, and its comparison with the European counterpart#5, #6

Srimanta Sankardeva's literary contributions included Religious books (The Kirtana, Gunamala, Bhakti Pradeep, and several more), Epic (Harischandra Upakhyan, Kurukshetra and Rukmini Haran), Ankia Drama (Patni Prasad, Parijat Haran, Rukmini Haran and more), Translation (The Bhagawata - 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 6th, 8th, 10th, 11th, and 12th cantos, Uttarakhand Ramayana and many more), Borgeet (120 devotional songs; there are a total of 191 Borgeets including those written by his disciple Madhabdeva). Bhatimas

Bhatima, Raj Bhatima, and others), Brindavani Bastra (a woven depiction of Krishna, made under the patronage of King Narayana), and the first Bhaona/Drama (Chihnayatra) *5. While he wrote the above literary work in the language of a common man in Assam for easy comprehension, he also wrote one book in Sanskrit known as Bhakti Ratnakar *4.

The Borgeet (devotional song) music of Sankaradeva appear to have striking resemblance to the Medieval and Renaissance Era (1450 to 1600 AD) European music, and it is a remarkable co-incidence#7.

Stradhikars of the various Sattras meet with the visiting *Bhakats and Bhakatanis* in an open public forum for a dialog at or near the Naamghar in the monastery. Community events and projects are discussed in that forum. Visitors also come to see the Satradhikar to wish him good health and the Satradhikar offers his blessings in return.



The author participated in one such meeting with the Satradhikar Dr Pitambar Dev Goswami, Auniati Sattra, Kaliapani, Teok, Jorhat in 2015. A photo of this meeting is shown above.

Table-1: Srimanta Sankaradeva - Vaishnava Saint of Assam#4

Year	His	Milestone in His Life	Contemporary History in India & Europe	
	Age			
1449	0	Srimanta Sankardeva was born	Ramananda became 49 years old; 5th Nicholas of	
		in Nagaon, Assam	Rome became the Pope at Vatican	
1469	20	He finishes schooling	Guru Nanak was born in Lahore; Germany	
		(in Sanskrit)	discovers first modern printing press	
1492	43	In Pilgrimage to Indian cities	Christopher Columbus discovers America	
1493	44	Composition and display of his	William Shakespeare was not even born yet, born in	
		first drama, Chihnayatra	1548 when Sankaradeva was 115 yrs old	
1499	50	Continues Propagation of	Guru Nanak starts propagation of Sikh religion and	
		religion and culture in Assam	culture at the age of 30	
1517	68	Establishes the monastery of	Martin Luther in Germany starts the agitation for	
		Belguri Sattra, Majui, Assam	the Protestant section of Christ <mark>iani</mark> ty	
1526	77	Busy in literary work and	Moghuls enter India and conquer Delhi; first	
		spreading of religion	translation of Bible new testam <mark>ent t</mark> o English	
1532	83	Busy in literary work and	Tulsidas was born in Uttar Pradesh, India; churches	
		spreading of religion	in England give up the Catholic church	
1547	98	Establishes the Sattra at	Mirabai of India passes away at her age 49	
	H. 13	Patbausi of Barpeta, Assam		
1564	115	Immersed in literary work	Born: Shakespeare, England; Galileo Galilei, Italy	
1567	118	Undertakes the weaving project	A museum in Paris has a part of this Bastra and the	
		of 'Brindabani Bastra', the	main section is in British museum of London;	
		depiction of life of Krishna in	Akbar is busy preparing to conquer the fort of	
		Brindaban	Chittorgarh in Rajasthan, India	
1568	119	He makes Madhabdeva the heir	Akbar conquers Chittorgarh in Rajasthan, India;	
	7	to his vast literary assets of	Tulsidas of India was of age 36;	
		culture and religion; passes	Spanish sailors discover the islands of Solomon in	
		away with his disciples singing	the Pacific ocean	
		devotional song before his		
	W 1	Naamghar		

Table-2: Comparison of a Sattra with a Catholic Monastery#6

Attributes	Catholic		Majuli Sattras
	Monasteries	Parishes	
-07	These house monks (or	Parishes are	Sankardeva's socio-cultural-religious
	Convents for nuns) who have	large groups of	innovation was Decentralized
	given their life to the services	worshiping lay	Leadership Management; every Sattra
Organization	of God and will perform	people at	has its independent Satradhikar, who
	prayerful activities to serve	neighborhood	is the chief executive officer, and he
	the community; pontiff at	churches,	may form a committee of Bhakats for
	the Roman Catholic Church	whether Catholic	their view points; Satradhikars do not
	is the Pope; the hierarchy is:	or Protestant;	report to any centralized authority
	Pope > Cardinals >	individual	
	Archbishop > Bishop >	Catholic church	
	Priest	is headed by	

	Living expenses of inmates	Chief Priest,	Bhakats live on agricultural activities;
Earning	are from donations, alms	always a man,	Sattras generate their own income
a Living	and sponsorships; certain	whereas the	from assets they own, though
	orders earn money, but none	Protestant	donations are received also
	is individually kept, all goes	church is headed	
	back to Monastery or	by a Minister,	
	Convent	who can be a	
	There is no cultural activity	woman;	Participation of Bhakats in Satriya
Cultural	requirement, though they	Catholics have	cultural activities is a requirement,
Activities	can have special calling for	confessionals,	e.g. in <i>Satriya</i> dance, Borgeets, music
	music, teaching or nursing	but Protestants	and dramas/Bhaonas
	Only Celibates; Roman	do not	Sattras have both celibates and house-
Practicing	Catholic priests take a vow of	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	holders or families; celibacy seems to
Celibacy	celibacy and abstain from		be a minority; on <mark>e ex</mark> ample is Au <mark>niati</mark>
	sexual relations		Sattra

References:

#1: Dr Sanjib K Borkakoti, President, Society for Srimanta Sankaradeva, Assam, India; www.sankaradeva.com and www.drsanjib.net

#2: Kalyan Viswanathan at the Fall-2020 class, 'HSF5000 Orientation to Hindu Studies', the Hindu University of America, www.hua.edu

#3: Dr Brain Weiss, MD, is a psychiatrist who lives and practices in Miami, Florida, USA. He is a graduate of Columbia University and Yale Medical Schoo and is the former Chairman of Psychiatry at the Mount Sinai Medical Center. Author has attended a seminar presented by Dr Weiss in New York City. Dr. Weiss is the author of the international bestseller "Many Lives, Many Masters" (first published in US in 1988), and several related books including "Through Time Into Healing", "Only Love is Real", "Messages from the Masters", all published by Piatkus, and others.

#4: Dr Bimal Phukan, author of book titled, "Srimanta Sankaradeva: Vaishnava Saint of Assam" (2010)

#5: Dr Pitambar Dev Goswami, author of book titled, "The Blazing Talent – Srimanta Sankaradeva" (2016)

#6 Dr. Binoy K. Bordoloi, article, "Life & Living: Influence of Majuli Sattras in Assam", published in the annual convention souvenir Luitor Pora Mississippi of Asom Sahitya Sabha North America, July 2015.

#7 Website for Naamghar Association of America (NAAM); participation at the 2nd World Virtual Choir Festival 2020, 1-6 December 2020, Bandung Choral Society, led by J B Rupam as Choir Conductor; Gold Medal recipient of the Borgeet Choir, "Gobinda Chintohu"; www.naamghar.org

#8 Nilesh Oak, lectures on Sanaatan Sanskriti; his video's are in YouTube. (Dr Sanjib Kr Borkakoti, who does research on related areas, has stated that a recorded lecture of Nilesh Oak was very valuable.)

(The author is the Chairperson of NAAM aka Bor-Medhi and can be reached at: binoy.bordoloi@gmail.com).

RECENT AND UPCOMING ACTIVITIES

NAAM is planning to organize a fundraising cultural event in Summer 2021. The promotional poster is on the next page; additional details are coming in the upcoming weeks for more details.

We look forward to you attending this summer (summer 2021) event which will feature Assam's traditional Gayan Bayan, Sattriya Dance, Bhaona, and Borgeet among other cultural forms of the Sankari culture.

A portion of the proceeds from this fundraising event will be donated to the artists promoting Sankari Culture who are facing hardship due to the ongoing pandemic.



NAAMGHAR ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA (NAAM)

presents

Sutradhar (मूर्जवर)

A fund raising cultural event by NAAM

Saturday, 28th August 2021 | 1:30 PM (EDT) / 11 PM (IST)

Register now at: www.naamghar.org



Hemanta Kumar Kalita Kathak Nritya



Jina Rajkumari Goswami Folk Artist



Priyanki Jagat Saikia Dhool Ojapali



Arunabh kr. Talukdar Khool Badan



Sankumani Sarma Singer, New Jersey



Gayatree Sarma Singer, New Jersey



Rabin Goswami Singer, Washington DC















1 484-945-2429

Contact Us on: naaminfo@naamghar.org

Website: www.naamghar.org

Follow Us on facebook.com/NaamgharAssociationofAmerica

Q&A

Q: What is NAAM?

A: Naamghar Association of America, Inc. (NAAM) is a 501(c)(3) non-profit spiritual and cultural organization formed to construct and manage a Naamghar for the Assamese diaspora to celebrate and perform the spiritual traditions and philosophical teachings of Srimanta Sankardeva. With strong ties with all the *Satras* of Assam, NAAM seek to provide a forum for learned spiritual leaders and traditional artistes to share their knowledge and talent with the current and future generations of the Assamese diaspora.

Q: What are the immediate goals of NAAM?

A: Some of the immediate goals of NAAM include spreading awareness on NAAM initiatives, build a digital media platform, plan for fund raising, and participate regularly in Naam-proxongo. NAAM seeks volunteers from

the large Assamese diaspora across the United States to achieve these goals. Please join us (details at the bottom of this newsletter). In our planning activity, the first priority is to identify what is needed to establish a temporary *Naamghar*. This will make the *Guru Axon*, consecrated by the Sri Sri Auniati Satra Satradhikar, more easily accessible to the public, while we work on the longer-term project of building a permanent *Naamghar*.

Q: Does NAAM collaborate with other organizations?

A: NAAM is actively seeking to collaborate with all community organizations which are willing to help achieve NAAM's mission. NAAM plans to have meaningful discussion with all organizations in our community; please contact us if you would like to be a part of this conversation (contact details at the bottom).

HOW TO GET INVOLVED WITH NAAM?

JOIN THE NAAM WORKING GROUP (WG): We need your help in achieving the dream of building a Naamghar in North America. Therefore, NAAM is open to everyone who is interested in building the Naamghar.

If you are interested in getting involved actively in NAAM's mission, please join the NAAM by sending an email to: Naaminfo@Naamghar.org. The WG meets regularly via teleconference/video conference to discuss various issues that are related to NAAM and its mission and goals.

NAAM WORKING GROUP TEAM MEMBERS

Following individuals comprise the current NAAM working group (WG) team. We invite all individuals who are sincerely interested in the Mission and Goals of NAAM to join the NAAM team. The current WG members are:

- Iswar Agarwalla, NC
- Niraj Barbara, PA
- Dr. Rajen Barua, TX
- Dr. Sanjib Bhuyan, NJ
- Pranab Bora, WI
- Lolit Bora, PA
- Subhasini Bora, NC
- Dr. Babul Borah, OH
- Utpal Borah, VA
- Dr. Binoy Bordoloi, NJ (Bor-medhi)
- Manoranjan Bordoloi, NJ
- Monidipa Bordoloi, CA
- Susanto Bordoloi, CT

- Malabika Brahma, NJ
- Debojit Chowdhury, CA
- Niren Choudhury, NJ
- Dr. Pradip Das, MO
- Shyam DevChoudhury, PA (Secretary)
- Dr. Saswati Datta, OH
- Hemanga Dutta, NJ
- Panchali Dutta, NJ
- Sawmick Dutta, CA
- Prandeep Gogoi, NJ
- Kamalakshi Hazarika, NJ
- Suranjoy Hazarika, NJ
- Priyadarshini Inman, NC

- Dr. Jukti Kalita, NJ
- Rashmi Kalita, CA
- Sangaurav Kaushik, NC
- Nilanjona Mahanta, CA
- Nabanita Mazumdar, WA
- Chayanika Mohan, NC
- Rachna Nath, AZ
- Shakhyar Neog, NJ
- Dr Yashwant Pathak, FL
- Anu Perlmutter, VA
- Gayatree Prasad, CA
- Dr. Purandar Sarmah, NJ (Treasurer)
- Vavani Sarmah, CA

Contact Us

Email: Naaminfo@Naamghar.org
Website: www.naamghar.org

Facebook: Naamghar Association of America – NAAM

